BioSentinel - Spacecraft and BioSensor Flight Unit Development

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BioSentinel Project Objectives

- Advanced Exploration Systems (AES) selected BioSentinel to fly on the Space Launch System (SLS) Exploration Mission (EM-1) as a secondary payload
 - Payload selected to help fill HEOMD Strategic Knowledge Gaps in Radiation effects on Biology
 - Current EM-1 Launch Readiness Date (LRD): 6/26/2020
 - Delivery to Dispenser Integrator, Tyvak: 10/28/2019
- Key BioSentinel Project Objectives
 - Develop a *deep space nanosat* capability
 - Develop a *radiation biosensor* useful for other missions
 - Define & validate SLS secondary payload interfaces and accommodations for a biological payload
- Collaborate with other EM-1 selected missions (non-biological), particularly:
 - Near Earth Asteroid (NEA) Scout (MSFC)
 - Lunar Flashlight (JPL)







BioSentinel is a yeast radiation biosensor that will measure the DNA damage response caused by space radiation, and <u>will provide a tool to study the true biological effects of the space environment at different orbits</u>.





BioSentinel Science



BioSentinel is a yeast radiation biosensor that will measure the DNA damage response caused by space radiation, and <u>will provide a tool to study the true biological effects of the space environment at different orbits</u>.

Why?

Space radiation environment's unique spectrum cannot be duplicated on Earth. It includes high-energy particles, is omnidirectional, continuous, and of low flux.

How?

Lab-engineered *S. cerevisiae* cells will sense & repair direct (and indirect) damage to their DNA. Yeast cells will remain dormant until rehydrated and grown using a microfluidic and optical detection system.



Why budding yeast?

It is an eukaryote (similar to humans); easy genetic manipulation; assay availability; flight heritage; ability to be stored in dormant state

While it is a simple model organism, yeast cells are the best for the job given the limitations & constraints of spaceflight



BioSentinel Overview – Deployed & Stowed



BioSentinel Subsystem Overview





Launch on Space Launch System Exploration Mission #1 (SLS EM-1) as a secondary payload





BioSentinel – Science Accomplishments

Yeast strain selection:

- Wild type strain (control for unrepairable DNA damage & yeast health)
- DNA repair defective mutant (radiation sensitive)
- Long-term biocompatibility & other tests:
- Long-term medium & metabolic dye storage (<u>completed 2-year test</u>)
- Long-term yeast desiccation (completed 2-year test) & desiccation method selection (completed)
- Long-term biocompatibility in fluidic cards (completed 2-year test)
- Card activation sequence: desiccation \rightarrow stasis \rightarrow rehydration \rightarrow metabolic activity & growth
- Sterilization method selection (autoclaving vs. e-beam vs. EtO) (completed)
- Optical data processing & optimization
- Spacecraft EDU assembly, vibration & TVPM tests (completed)
- FlatSat optical calibration tests (completed)
- <u>Completed EVT</u> & currently assembling protoflight & flight units (TRL6)

Ongoing radiation experiments:

- Cells irradiated in suspension & in desiccated state (with & without shielding)
- Strain sensitivity via optical readings in microplate readers or GSE optical units
- <u>Sources</u>: gamma (ARC); protons & SPE simulations (Loma Linda); HZE ions & GCR simulation (NSRL)







BioSentinel Payload – BioSensor & LET Spectrometer



EDU5 BioSensor being reworked



SN01 – Sterile BioSensor During Assembly & Integration



BioSensor & LET Spectrometer Integrated will be used in Spacecraft **Protoflight Build**



BioSentinel Payload Experiment Verification Test





EDU5 in incubator for EVT start



BioSensor Team placing EDU in incubator 2-Ca Interplanetary Small Satellite Conference April 29, 2019

EVT successfully demonstrated a 6-month BioSensor experiment compressed into a 1-month test (actually 2-months due to shutdown). All 18-cards were filled and science data shows growth of both strains of yeast.



BioSensor Team executing 1 of 9; 2-Card experiments



BioSentinel Spacecraft Flight Hardware Deliveries



Hand-Off of BioSentinel Flight Iris Transponder @ JPL



BioSentinel Iris Flight Unit including SSPA & LNA



Flight C&DH Boards: Single Board Computer (SBC) [Left] & Interface eXpansion Card (IXC) [Right] (Provided by SDL)



4-Panel Gimbaled Solar Array Ready to Ship (Provided by MMA)

ADCS Module Assembly - Procedure XM044

AS



K Simulator for Fit Check



Thermal TVPM Data Analysis



Temperature [C], Time = 5130 sec



Mechanical Fit Check Progress – Day 2 (11/13/18)

Front View



Back View





Mechanical Fit Check Progress – Day 3 (11/14/18)

Front View



Back View





Mechanical Fit Check Progress – Day 6 (11/19/18)

Front - Bottom View



Back View





Mechanical Fit Check Progress – Day 9 (11/26/18)

Front - Bottom View



Back View





Mechanical Fit Check Progress – Day 11 (11/28/18)

Front - Bottom View







Mechanical Fit Check Progress – Day 12 (11/29/18)

Solar Panel Deployed

Front - Bottom View

AS







Mechanical Fit Check Progress – Day 12 (11/29/18)



Front - Bottom View Solar Panel Stowed (3 of 4) Back View







BioSentinel Flight Solar Arrays





Solar Array Support Fixture



Solar Array Grapple Frame Assembly



Solar Array Gimbal Testing







Questions



BioSentinel Leaving Earth





- Mission Management Dawn McIntosh, Ben Bradley, Zion Young, Mario Perez, Tara Samuels, Vas Manolescu, Dan Rowan, Mark Shirley Matt D'Ortenzio, Mike Henchske, Nelson Abiva, Bob Hanel, James Chartres, Elwood Agasid
- Science Sharmila Bhattacharya, Sergio Santa Maria, Lauren Liddell, Sofia Tieze, Diana Gentry, Macarena Parra, Tore Straume, C. Mark Ott, Sarah Castro, Greg Nelson, Troy Harkness, Roger Brent
- Payload Tom Luzod, Jeff Homan, Rich Bielawski, Mike Padgen, Lance Ellingson, Dzung Huang, Tony Ricco, Travis Boone, Aaron Schooley, Dayne Kemp, Eric Tapio, Scott Wheeler, Susan Gavalas, Edward Semones
- **Spacecraft and Bus** Stephen Walker, Luke Murchison, Terry Stevenson, Jesse Fusco, Philip Shih, Craig Pires, Shang Wu, Abe Rademacher, Josh Benton, Nathan Benz, Rudy DeRosse, Matt Knudson, Matthew Sorgenfrei, Hugo Sanchez

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Support

NASA Human Exploration and Operations Mission Directorate (HEOMD); Advanced Exploration Systems Division – Jitendra Joshi - Program Executive.



Acronyms



ADCS-Attitude Determination Control System AES – Advanced Exploration System BNL - Brookhaven National Laboratory **CR** – Continuing Resolution C&DH – Command & Data Handling dPM – Deputy Project Manager EDU – Engineering Development Unit EM-1 – Exploration Mission One **EPS – Electrical Power System** ER&T-Exploration Reasearch & Technology ESS - Environmental Stress Screening **EVT - Experiment Verification Test** GSDO - Ground Systems Development & Operations HR – Hazard Report IRB - Interface Requirements Baseline (ISS) **ISS** – International Space Station LET - Linear Energy Transfer

LGA – Low Gain Antenna LLUMC – Loma Linda Univ Medical Center LOP-G Lunar Orbiting Platform - Gateway LRD - Launch Readiness Date LSR – Lightsey Space Research MGA – Medium Gain Antenna NET – No Earlier Than ROM – Rough Order of Magnitude SABL – Space Automated Biproduct Laboratory SBC - Single Board Computer SDL- Space Dynamics Lab (C&DH Boards) SDP-Safety Data Package SLS – Space Launch System SPE - Solar Particle Event SSTP – Small Satellite Technology Program **TVPM – Thermal Vacuum Power Management** XACT – ADCS Subsystem



BioSentinel – I&T Accomplishments & Activities

- Remove BioSentinel Payload EDU
 - Operate 1 bank of Payload, take apart and inspect
- Reassemble with new BioSentinel Payload EDU and functional tests
 - Some anomalies required rework, others judged to be acceptable for EDU TVPM
- Spacecraft Engineering Development Unit (EDU) Thermal Vacuum Power Management (TVPM) Test
 - TVPM plan is to run the timeline (below), 24/7 test planned for 14 days.
 - As delays pushed us closer to the Holidays we ran the Pump Down (PD) through 1st Thermal Cycle (C1) and then Vented (V) leaving the chamber powered off and at ambient conditions
 - This occurred 12/15 thru 12/20/18
 - After a Team quorum returned from the Holidays the chamber was pumped down again, the final 3 thermal cycles were run and chamber vented.
 - This occurred 1/3 thru 1/8/18
 - Spacecraft EDU returned to clean room and major subsystems disassembled and for inspection and some additional anomaly testing

